

**DBL-003-1015003**

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) (CBCS) (W.E.F. 2016) Examination**June – 2022****Mathematics : MATH-07(A)***(Boolean Algebra & Complex Analysis-1)***Faculty Code : 003****Subject Code : 1015003**Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (i) Attempt any five questions out of ten questions.
(ii) Figures written on the right indicate full marks of the question.

- 1 (a) Attempt the following objective type questions : 4
(1) Define : Partial order relation.
(2) For the poset (S_{30}, D) , $10' =$ _____.
(3) If (S_6, D) is lattice then $\text{glb}\{2, 3\} =$ _____.
(4) The minimal element of poset $(\{2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}, /) =$ _____.
(b) In a complemented distributive lattice prove that 2
 $a' \vee b = 1 \Rightarrow b' \leq a'$.
(c) State and prove modular inequality. 3
(d) Prove that direct product of two lattice is also a lattice. 5
- 2 (a) Attempt the following objective type questions. 4
(1) Define : Antisymmetric relation.
(2) Define : Meet and Join.
(3) For the poset $(P(A), \subset)$ where $A = \{a, b\}$ then find greatest element and least element.
(4) For the poset (S_{30}, D) , $2' =$ _____.
(b) If $(L, \leq)$ be a lattice then prove that for every $a, b \in L$, 2
 $a \cap (a \vee b) = a$,
(c) State and prove isotonicity property. 3
(d) Let A be a nonempty set and $P(A)$ be the power set 5
of A . $X, Y \in P(A) = L$, $X * Y = X \cap Y$ and $X \oplus Y = X \cup Y$
then prove that $(L, *, \oplus)$ is a lattice.

- 3 (a) Attempt the following objective type questions. 4
- (1) Define : Boolean Algebra.
 - (2) For Boolean Algebra $a \oplus 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
 - (3) Sum of all minterms of n variables is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
 - (4) Define : Minterm
- (b) Let $(B, *, \oplus, ', 0, 1)$ be a Boolean Algebra then prove that 2
- $$\forall a, b \in B \quad a \leq b \Rightarrow a * b' = 0.$$
- (c) If a and b are distinct atoms of Boolean Algebra 3
- $$(B, *, \oplus, ', 0, 1)$$
- then prove that
- $a * b = 0$
- .
- (d) State and prove unique representation theorem of 5
- Boolean Algebra.
- 4 (a) Attempt the following objective type questions : 4
- (1) Define : Atom in Boolean Algebra.
 - (2) If $(L, *, \oplus, 0, 1)$ is bounded lattice then $a \oplus 0 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
 - (3) Find the atoms of Boolean Algebra $(S_{30}, *, \oplus, ', 0, 1)$.
 - (4) Define : Qube array representation.
- (b) Define : Boolean Homomorphism & Isomorphism. 2
- (c) Write all the minterms of the two and three variables. 3
- (d) State and prove D'Morgan's law for the Boolean Algebra 5
- $$(B, *, \oplus, ', 0, 1).$$
- 5 (a) Attempt the following objective type questions : 4
- (1) Define : Limit of complex variables function.
 - (2) Show that $f(z) = z$ is analytic.
 - (3) $\lim_{z \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2z-5}{z-2i} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
 - (4) State Laplace equation in polar form.
- (b) Show that $u = \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 + y^2)$ is harmonic function. 2
- (c) Prove that an analytic function of constant modulus is 3
- also constant in its domain.
- (d) If $f(z) = u + iv$ is an analytic function then in usual 5
- notation prove that $\nabla^2 |f(z)|^2 = 4 |f'(z)|^2$.
- 6 (a) Attempt the following objective type questions : 4
- (1) Define : Analytic function.
 - (2) If $f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$ is analytic function then
- $$f'(z) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$$
- (3) Define : conjugate Harmonic function.
 - (4) State Cauchy-Riemann condition in polar form.

- (b) Prove that $u = \log r$ is harmonic and find its conjugate. 2
- (c) If $f(z) = e^{-x}(\cos y - i \sin y)$ then prove that $f''(z) = f(z)$. 3
- (d) State and prove necessary condition for a complex function $f(z) = u(x, y) + i v(x, y)$ to be an analytic. 5
- 7 (a) Attempt the following objective type questions : 4
- (1) Define : Closed curve.
- (2) If $c: |z|=1$ then $\int_c \frac{z}{2z-1} dz = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
- (3) If $c: |z-1|=2$ then $\int_c \frac{z}{z-2} dz = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
- (4) If $c: |z-2| = \frac{1}{2}$ then $\int_c \frac{dz}{z-3} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
- (b) Find $\int_0^{2+i} z^2 dz$. 2
- (c) In usual notation prove that $\left| \int_c f(z) dz \right| \leq ML$. 3
- (d) Let C be the circle $|z|=R (R>1)$ described in the counter clock direction then show that 5
- $$\left| \int_c \frac{\log z}{z^2} dz \right| < 2\pi \left(\frac{\pi + \log R}{R} \right).$$
- 8 (a) Attempt the following objective type questions : 4
- (1) Define : Jordan arc.
- (2) If $c: z - z_0 = r_0 e^{i\theta}$ then $\int_c \frac{dz}{z - z_0} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
- (3) If L is length of contour c then $L = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
- (4) If $c: |z-2|=5$ then $\int_c \frac{dz}{z-3} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
- (b) Find $\int_c \frac{dz}{z^2 + 4}$, $c: |z-i|=2$. 2
- (c) Prove that $\left| \int_c \frac{1}{z^2} dz \right| \leq 4\sqrt{2}$ where c is the line segment joining $z=i$ to $z=1$. 3
- (d) State and prove Cauchy integral formula. 5

- 9 (a) Attempt the following objective type questions : 4
- (1) State Cauchy inequality.
- (2) If $c:|z|=1$ then $\int_c \frac{\cosh z}{z^4} dz = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
- (3) If $c:|z|=1$ then $\int_c \frac{e^z}{z^3} dz = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
- (4) State maximum modulus theorem.
- (b) Evaluate $\int_c \frac{5z^2 - 7z + 3}{(z-1)^2} dz$; $c:|z|=2$. 2
- (c) Find $\int_c \frac{dz}{z^2(z^2+9)}$; $c:|z-2|=\frac{1}{2}$. 3
- (d) State fundamental theorem of Algebra. 5
- 10 (a) Attempt the following objective type questions : 4
- (1) State Cauchy-integral formula for n^{th} derivative.
- (2) State Liouville's theorem.
- (3) If $c:|z|=1$ then $\int_c \frac{e^{2z}}{z^3} dz = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
- (4) If $c:|z-2|=\frac{1}{2}$ then $\int_c \frac{dz}{(z-3)^2} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.
- (b) Evaluate $\int_c \frac{e^2}{(z-4)(z-2)} dz$, $c:|z|=3$. 2
- (c) Evaluate $\int_c \frac{\sin^6 z}{\left(z - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)^3} dz$, $c:|z|=1$. 3
- (d) State and prove Morera's theorem. 5
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